



The Travel Club  
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## The Travel Club

### TRAVEL DICTIONARY

#### FRENCH



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#### \* PRONUNCIATION \*

ai – pronounced like "e" in "bed"  
 au, eau – pronounced like "oo"  
 eu, oeu – pronounced like "you"  
 ier – pronounced like "ye"  
 ill, il – pronounced like "y" in "yes"  
 oi, oy – pronounced like "oa"  
 ui – pronounced like "we"  
 ch – pronounced like "sh"  
 tion – pronounced like "syo"  
 g – pronounced like g in "get"  
 j – /ʒ/ pronounced like s in "pleasure"

"ç" is always pronounced as /s/

"h" is never pronounced

"e" is normally not pronounced at the end of the word

#### Nasal sounds:

[õ] (on/om): make your mouth as if saying [o], but let some air through the nose so a bit of [n] is also heard.  
 [ã] (an/am/en/em): make your mouth as if saying [a], but let some air through the nose so a bit of [n] is also heard.  
 [ɛ] (in/im/ain/aim/ein/ien): make your mouth as if saying [e], but let some air through the nose so a bit of [n] is also heard.

#### Special sounds:

[y]: make your mouth as if saying [u], but say [i]. The sound is similar to the German ü.  
 [œ]: make your mouth as if saying [o], but say [e].  
 [ə]: the silent e, barely heard.

#### \* GETTING AROUND \*

travel	le voyage	(l vuayaʒ)
hitchhiking	l'auto-stop	(loto-stop)
train	le train	(l trε)
bus	l'autobus	(lotobys)
car	la voiture	(la vuatyr)
taxi	le taxi	(l taksi)
airplane	l'avion	(laviõ)
on foot	au pied	(o pye)
metro	le métro	(l metro)
station	l'arrêt	(lare)
bus station	la gare routière	(la gar rutyer)
train station	la gare ferroviaire	(la gar ferovyer)
airport	l'aéroport	(laeropor)
ticket	le billet	(l biye)
the cheapest ticket	le billet le moins cher	(biye l mue sher)
road	la route / le chemin	(la rut/l shãmε)
road to...	Pour aller à...	(pur ale a)
highway	l'auto-route	(lotorut)
crossroads	le carrefour	(l karfur)
pay toll	le péage	(l peaʒ)
gas station	le poste d'essence	(l post desãs)
interchange	l'échangeur	(leshãʒœr)
leave	partir	(partir)
arrive	arriver	(arive)
wait!	attends! / attendez!	(atã / atâde)
stop!	arrête-toi! / arrêtez-vous!	(aret tua / arete vu)
map	la carte/le plan	(la kart/l plã)

**\* BASICS \***

hello	salut	(saly)
bye	au revoir	(o rəvuar)
good morning	bonjour	(bõzur)
good afternoon	bonjour	(bõzur)
good evening	bon soir	(bõsuar)
good night	bonne nuit	(bon nyi)
yes/no	oui/non	(ui/nõ)
thank you	merci	(mersi)
you're welcome	je vous en prie	(ʒ vu zã pri)
please...	s'il vous plaît	(sil vu ple)
there is	il y a	(il i a)
there isn't	il n'y a pas	(il ni a pa)
is there...?	est-ce qu'il y a	(eskilia)
I want	je voudrais	(ʒ və/ʒ vudre)
I don't want	je ne veux pas	(ʒ n və pa)
excuse me	pardon	(pardõ)
sorry	excusez-moi	(ekskyze mua)
no problem	il n'y a pas de problème	(il ni a pa d problem)
o.k., deal	bon, d'accord	(bõ dakor)
I need...	j'ai besoin de	(zhe bəzuε)
have a nice trip!	bon voyage	(bõ vuayazh)

**\* MONEY \***

money	l'argent	(larʒ)
for free	gratuit	(gratyi)
cheap	bon marché	(bõ marshe)
expensive	cher	(sher)
cheaper	moins cher	(mues sher)
the cheapest	le moins cher	(l mue sher)
how much is it?	combien ça coûte?	(kombjã sa kut)
exchange office	le bureau de change	(l byro d shãʒ)
bank	la banque	(la bãk)
cash machine	le distributeur de billets	(distribytoer d biye)
discount	la réduction	(la redyksyõ)
change	la monnaie	(la mone)
nemam novca	je n'ai pas d'argent	(ʒ ne pa darʒã)

**\* ACCOMMODATION \***

to sleep	dormir	(dormir)
where can I sleep?	je peux dormir où?	(ʒ pø dormir u)
bed	le lit	(l li)
room	la chambre	(la shãbr)
hotel	l'hôtel	(lotel)
hostel	l'auberge de jeunesse	(loberʒ d ʒənes)
private accommodation	logement privé	(loʒmã prive)
the cheapest room	la chambre moins chère	(shãbr l mue sher)
no bathroom	sans salle de bain	(sã sal d be)
tent	la tente	(la tãt)
sleeping bag	le sac de couchage	(l sak d kushaʒ)
blanket	la couverture	(la kuvertry)
backyard	la cour	(la kur)
on the floor	à même le sol	(a mem l sol)

**\* SPACE \***

where?	où?	(u)
where to?	par où?	(par u)
here	ici	(isi)
there	là-bas	(laba)
near	près d'ici / près de...	(pre disi / pre d)
far	loin	(lue)
next to	à côté de	(a kote d)
in front of	devant	(dəvã)
behind	derrière	(derier)
left	à gauche	(a gosh)
right	à droite	(a druat)
pravo	tout droit	(tu drua)

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The content and organization of this travel dictionary are based on the personal experience of the members of the Travel Club, and are defined by the practical needs of independent travelers and hitchhikers.

The dictionary is free of charge and is intended for everyone who might find it useful. Versions for other languages can be downloaded from our website.

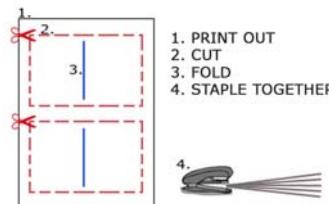
If you have any suggestions for the improvement of this dictionary, you are welcome to send them to us using the contact form on the website.

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**printing instructions**

You'll need 2 sheets of paper. Four pages of the dictionary will fit on one sheet. Print double-sided. Then cut each page into 2 sheets, and fold in the middle. In the end, staple together.

When putting together into a booklet, use page numbers to guide you.



**\* TIME \***

when?	quand?	(kă)
now	maintenant	(mĕtnă)
before	avant	(avă)
after	après	(apre)
yesterday	hier	(iyer)
today	aujourd'hui	(ožurdyi)
tomorrow	demain	(dĕmĕ)
early	tôt	(to)
late	tard	(tar)
day	le jour	(žur)
night	la nuit	(la nyi)
morning	le matin	(l mate)
evening	le soir	(l suar)
hour	l'heure	(lœr)
minute	la minute	(la minyt)
week	la semaine	(la sĕmen)
month	le mois	(l muë)
year	l'année / l'an	(lane/lă)
first	le premier	(l prĕmye)
next	suivant	(syivă)
last	dernier	(derniye)
when does it leave?	Il part à quelle heure?	(il par a kel œr)
when does it arrive?	Il arrive à quelle heure?	(il ariv a kel œr)
how long?	pour combien de temps?	(kombye d tă)
what time is it?	quelle heure est-il?	(kel œr etil)

**\* NUMBERS \***

0	zéro	
½	un demi / une moitié (ε dĕmi / un muatye)	
1	un (ε)	
2	deux (dă)	
3	trois (trua)	
4	quatre (katr)	
5	cinq (sĕk)	
6	six (sis)	
7	sept (set)	
8	huit (yit)	
9	neuf (nĕf)	
10	dix (dis)	
20	vingt (vε)	
30	trente (trăt)	
40	quarante (karăt)	
50	cinquante (sĕkăt)	
60	soixante (suasăt)	
70	soixante-dix (suasăt dis)	
80	quatre-vingts (katr vε)	
90	quatre-vingt-dix (katr vε dis)	
100	cent (să)	
200	deux cents (dă să)	
500	cinq cents (să să)	
1,000	mille (mil)	
1,000,000	million (miliō)	

**\* HEALTH/HYGIENE \***

ill	malade	(malad)
pain	les douleurs	(le dulœr)
doctor	le docteur / le médecin	(l doktœr / l medse)
pharmacy	la pharmacie	(la farmasi)
medicine	le médicament	(l medikamă)
dentist	le dentiste	(l dătist)
painkiller	l'analgésique	(lanalʒezik)
diarrhoea	la diarrhée	(la dyare)
constipation	la constipation	(la kôstipasyō)
fever	la température / la fièvre	(la tăperatyr / la fiyevr)
inflammation	l'inflammation	(leflamasyō)
allergy	l'allergie	(lalerʒi)
antibiotic	l'antibiotique	(lătibiotik)
sanitary pads	les serviettes hygiéniques	(le servyet ižienik)
condom	le condom	(l kôdom)
toilet paper	le papier toilette	(l papye toalet)
soap	le savon	(l savō)
shampoo	le shampoing	(l shăpuę)
tissues	les mouchoirs	(le mushuar)
toilet	les toilettes	(le tualet)

**\* PAPERWORK \***

passport	le passeport	(l paspor)
visa	le visa	(l viza)
stamp	le tampon	(l tăpō)
ticket	le billet d'entrée	(l biye dătre)

**\* CONVERSATION \***

I/you/he/she	moi/toi/lui/elle	(mua/tua/lyi/el)
name	le prénom / le nom	(l prenō / l nō)
what's your name?	Tu t'appelles comment?	(ty tapel komă)
my name is...	je m'appelle...	(ž mapel)
nice to meet you	enchanté	(âshăte)
where are you from?	Tu viens d'où?	(tu vyę du)
how are you?	Comment vas-tu?	(komă vaty)
fine	bien	(bye)
work, job	le travail	(l travay)
student	l'étudiant	(letydiă)
school	l'école	(lekol)
traveller	le voyageur	(l vuayažœr)
husband/wife/child	le mari/la femme/l'enfant	(l mari/la fam/lăfă)
brother/sister	le frère/la soeur	(l frer/la sœur)
friend	l'ami	(lami)
country	l'Etat / le pays	(leta / l pei)
cheers	à votre santé!	(a votr sâte)
I like	ça me plaît	(sa m ple)
I don't like	ce ne me plaît pas	(sa n m ple pa)
what?	quoi?	(kua)
this/that	ceci / celà	(səsi / səla)
why?	pourquoi?	(purkua)
I understand	je comprends	(ž köpră)
I don't understand	je ne comprends pas	(ž n köpră pa)
I know	je sais	(ž se)
I don't know	je ne sais pas	(ž n se pa)
and/or/but/if	et / ou / mais / si	(e / u / me / si)
help!	au secours!	(o sekur)
can I take a photo?	Je peux photographier?	(ž pə fotografiye)
cheers	à votre santé!	(a votr sâte)
bon appetit	bon appetit	(bon apeti)

**\* DESCRIPTIONS \***

good/bad	bon / mauvais	(bõ / move)
nice/ugly	beau / laid	(bo / le)
small	petit	(pëti)
big	grand	(grã)
simple	simple	(sepl)
complicated	compliqué	(kõplike)
near	proche	(prosh)
far	loin	(lue)
open	ouvert	(uver)
closed	fermé	(ferme)
possible	possible	(posibl)
impossible	impossible	(e posibl)
allowed	permis	(permi)
forbidden	interdit	(eterdi)
cold	froid	(frua)
warm	chaud	(sho)
hot	chaud	(sho)
mine	mon	(mõ)
yours	ton	(tõ)
his/hers	son	(sõ)
the same	même	(mem)
different	différent	(diferã)
old	vieux	(vyõ)
new	nouveau / neuf	(nuovo / noef)
a lot	beaucoup	(boku)
a few	un peu	(e p)
enough	assez	(boku)
too much	trop	(tro)
how many?	combien	(kõbye)
fast/slow	vite / doucement	(vit / dusmã)

**\* PLACE \***

town	la ville	(la vil)
village	le village	(l vilã)
house	la maison	(la mezõ)
center	le centre-ville	(l sãtr-vil)
street	la rue	(la ry)
square	la place	(la plas)
entrance	l'entrée	(lãtre)
exit	la sortie	(la sorti)
border	la frontière	(la frõtyer)
bridge	le pont	(l põ)
beach	la plage	(la pla3)
river	la rivière /la fleuve	(la rivyer / la floev)
sea	la mer	(la mer)
mountain	la montagne	(la mõtany)
hill	la colline	(la kolin)
desert	le désert	(l dezer)
church	l'église	(legliz)
mosque	la mosquée	(la moske)
temple	le temple	(l tãpl)
fortress	la forteresse	(la fortãres)
castle	le château	(l shato)

**\* FOOD \***

food	la nourriture	(la nurityr)
eat	manger	(mãze)
where can I eat?	je peux manger où?	(z p mãze u)
water	l'eau	(lo)
drinking water	l'eau potable	(lo potabl)
mini-market	le magasin	(l magaze)
market	le marché	(l marshe)
restaurant	le restaurant	(l restorã)
bread	le pain	(l pe)
meat	la viande	(la vjäd)
fruit	les fruits	(le fryi)
vegetable	les légumes	(le legym)
salt	le sel	(l sel)
sugar	le sucre	(l sykr)
soup	la soupe	(la sup)
tea	le thé	(l te)
coffee	le café	(l kafe)
milk	le lait	(l le)
juice	le jus	(l 3y)
rice	le riz	(l ri)

**\* COMMUNICATION \***

Internet	Internet	(eternet)
Internet cafe	le café internet	(kafe enternet)
telephone	le téléphone	(l telefon)
mobile phone	le portable	(l portabl)
sim card	la carte sim	(la kart sim)
phone card	la carte téléphonique	(la kart telefonik)
post office	la poste	(la post)